Population & Settlement – Assignment 2

Name: ___________________________ Group: _____ Date: __________________________

Population and Settlement
Assignment 2 – French Regime /40

Key Concepts: (3 marks)

1. For each of the following key concepts, give an example (NOT a definition) that applies to the time period of the French Regime. You must demonstrate understanding of the key concept.
   E.g. Population – The French and Aboriginal populations shared territory in New France in the 17th and 18th Centuries.

   Natural Growth:
   ____________________________________________________________
   ____________________________________________________________

   Identity:
   ____________________________________________________________
   ____________________________________________________________

   Migration:
   ____________________________________________________________
   ____________________________________________________________

The Arrival of the 1st Europeans (4 marks)

2. Using your notes, answer the questions below.
   a. Identity the 1st three groups of Europeans to come to the territory of present day Canada.
      Scandinavians/Vikings  Explorers  Fishermen
   b. Which resource became our first economic staple?
      FISH

The French Regime & Population Growth (27 marks)

3. Using your notes and worksheets, answer the questions below. Some questions have documents next to them as hints.
   a. What are the years (time period) of the French Regime? 1608 to 1760.
   b. Who is credited with the creation of the 1st permanent settlement?
      Champlain.
   c. Where was this settlement created? Quebec City / Stadacona
   d. What was the purpose of the establishment Ville Marie (Montréal)?
      Religious purposes/conversion of Natives/ evangelization of natives
   e. Describe the population of New France in 1663. (2 marks)
      3000 ppl, Natives and French people, mostly men
   f. Why did France’s Royal Government take on the responsibility of increasing NF’s population from 1663 onward? (2 marks)
      Fill the territory if France was going to keep its claim on the land
      Defend the colony from attack
      Exploit the natural resources
      Make it a market for products made in France
      The companies/monopolies weren’t fulfilling their duties to fill the territory.
g. What was the role of Jean Talon in the colony? Identify his job title and what he was supposed to do. (1 mark)

Intendant
the settlement and organization of the territory

h. Using the information in document to the right, identify and explain one of the main reasons why it was difficult to increase the population of New France prior to Royal Government. (2 marks)
The ratio of men to women was too high. There were not enough women to reproduce/have babies/encourage natural growth.

i. Identify 2 policies used to promote immigration to New France. (4 marks)
I. Policy: _____________________________
   How it worked: _____________________________
II. Policy: _____________________________
   How it worked: _____________________________

Many immigrants came as engagés. Most engagés were tradesmen whose transatlantic fare had been paid by an employer, in which case they had to work for him for at least three years. This was the origin of their nickname, the “thirty-six-monthers.”

Jean-François Cardin et al., Le Québec : héritages et projets, 2nd ed. (Laval: HRW, 1994), p. 83. (Translation)

j. Identify 2 policies used to promote natural growth in New France. (4 marks)
I. Policy: _____________________________
   How it worked: _____________________________
II. Policy: _____________________________
   How it worked: _____________________________

k. You have learned that between 1672 and 1773 natural growth was the real reason for population growth in New France. Explain what natural growth is, and provide some details to prove that this fact is true. (2 marks)

Natural growth = birth and death causing the population to increase or decrease.
In NF, women had a lot of babies compared to women in France. This caused NF’s pop. to grow.

l. Describe the population of New France in 1760. (2 marks)
Majority Canadiens, some French, some blacks, some Natives, some slaves.
About 70000 ppl.
m. Use the document on the right and your notes to answer the following questions.

I. Indicate the mode of territorial organization used in New France.

**Seigneurial System**

II. Describe the mode of land division used in NF.

**Rectangular plots at right angles to water and roads**

III. Identify the basic elements of each seigneury.

*fabrique, censisive, manor house, church, mill, common land*

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### Territory of New France (3 marks)

4. Use the maps at the bottom of this page to answer the following questions.

a. Identify a map of the territory in NA that was possessed by France in 1663. Map: ______B___

b. Identify a map of the territory in North America that was possessed by France after the Treaty of Utrecht (1713). Map: ______A_____

c. What changed about New France’s territory?

*New France got significantly larger.*

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### Effects of European Presence on Natives (4 marks)

5. List 2 effects of European presence on Native society (on the people). (2 marks)

- Epidemics/Disease
- Iroquoians Wars/conflict
- Change in traditional way of life
- Conversion/Evangelization

6. List 2 effects of European presence on Native territory (the land). (2 marks)

- Lost land – displacement on territory
- Became sedentary – change in traditional way of life
- French built forts and settlements.